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WHOLE NUMBER 16,917.

RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1905.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

## ENVOYS TO MEET PRESIDENT TO-DAY

A Formal Reception to  
Peace Plenipotentiaries on Mayflower

## WITTE AT SAGAMORE HILL; MUCH PLEASED

St. Petersburg Papers Express  
Great Satisfaction at Cordial  
Greeting Given to Russian  
Representatives—Delicate  
Questions of Precedent  
Skillfully Avoided.

(By Associated Press.)  
OSTER BAY, L. I., August 4.—Sergeius Witte and Baron Rosen, the envoys of the Emperor of Russia to the Washington peace conference, were guests to-day of the President and Mrs. Roosevelt at Sagamore Hill. They arrived in Oyster Bay via the Long Island Railroad at 12:20 P. M. They were unaccompanied by any other Russian officials. A considerable crowd of residents of the village had assembled at the station to see the distinguished visitors.

Assurances were given here that the visit of the Russian envoys did not differ in any material respect from that of Baron Komura and Minister Takahira, of Japan, last week.

When Mr. Witte and Baron Rosen reached Sagamore Hill, and the former had been presented to the President, Baron Rosen entered a vigorous protest personally to the President against the annoyance to which they had been subjected by the photographers at the Oyster Bay station. The President called upon the two envoys and gave them directions to go to the station and endeavor to avert the annoyance on the return of the envoys to take a train for New York.

Reception To-day.  
Final arrangements were completed to-night for the reception by President Roosevelt of the Russian and Japanese envoys to-morrow. The President and the State and Navy Departments will unite to extend a cordial greeting to the plenipotentiaries and to facilitate in every possible way their mission of peace.

Every honor due to their rank will be paid to the envoys, and the cordiality of the greeting by the President on behalf of the American people will leave nothing to be desired.

These ceremonies concluded, a luncheon will be served. In order to avoid any unusual questions of precedence, the luncheon will be a buffet occasion. Thus will be avoided the seating of the guests at table with the President. The party in attendance at the luncheon will number about twenty-five. Shortly after the luncheon President Roosevelt will take aboard the Japanese envoys and will return to shore in a launch.

From the Mayflower the Japanese envoys and their suites will be conveyed to the dispatch boat Dolphin, which will be anchored nearby. The Russian envoys and their suites remaining on the Mayflower. On these ships the two sets of envoys will be conveyed to Portsmouth, N. H., where the sessions of the peace conference are to be held. Soon after the departure of the Dolphin, the Mayflower will start on its journey, conveyed by the cruiser Galveston.

Witte Much Pleased.  
(By Associated Press.)  
NEW YORK, August 4.—Mr. Witte and Baron Rosen reached the St. Regis Hotel on their return from Oyster Bay at a quarter after six. Mr. Witte made the following statement about the impression he had received from the President on this, the first time he had seen him:

"I have conceived the highest opinion of Mr. Roosevelt. I was particularly struck by his energy and broad-mindedness. I feel it is good for the United States to have so distinguished a man at the head of the executive, and I fully appreciate the reasons that led to the choice of him for so responsible and honorable a post. I do not say this with any desire to flatter the President or the American people. It is my sincere conviction."

Mr. Witte and Baron Rosen attended high mass, and a special Divine service to-day which is the date in the eastern Christian calendar of St. Mary's Day. It was also the name day of Her Majesty, Maria Feodorovna, the Russian Empress Dowager. The services were celebrated at the St. Nicholas Russian Orthodox Cathedral.

St. Petersburg Gratified.  
(By Associated Press.)  
ST. PETERSBURG, August 4.—(6:20 P. M.) The newspapers generally express satisfaction with the unexpectedly cordial reception received by Mr. Witte in the United States, in which public opinion all along has been painted as being favorable to Japan, and it more optimistically regarding the chances of a successful outcome of the peace negotiations is manifested. With a few exceptions they find themselves in thorough sympathy with the position of Mr. Witte as expressed in interviews with him on his arrival in New York.

Jews Appeal to Witte.  
(By Associated Press.)  
NEW YORK, August 4.—Improving opportunity offered by the presence in this city of Sergei Witte, the Russian peace envoy, a delegation of the most prominent Jews in the country met to-day to bring before Mr. Witte the question of the better treatment of Jews in Russia. The delegation is headed by Adolf Kraus, of Chicago, president of the Executive Committee of the Independent Order of B'nai B'rith, and came to this city with Baron Von Bohligenbach, the Russian consul at Chicago.

Mr. Kraus made the announcement to-night that Mr. Witte had agreed to grant an interview to the conference which will take place whenever Mr. Witte, said Mr. Kraus, "It may be during or possibly not until the peace conference is over."

## NEED ONE WEEK MORE, SAYS JURY

Foreman Taylor Sees the  
End of the Primary  
Investigation.

## CROP OF RUMOR WAS VERY SMALL

Wild Stories of Findings Have  
Dwindled—No Tables Have  
Yet Been Compiled—Former  
Councilman Shaving Wit-  
ness Fees—Work of In-  
vestigation Facilitated.

The grand jury disposed of more than 500 voters yesterday.

First and Second Monroes and First, Second and Third Monroe voters to testify to-day for whom they voted for attorney and sergeant.

Grand juror announces that inquiry will end not later than next Friday. First Clay voters to be polled Monday, and stragglers from all precincts Tuesday.

Only twenty-five or thirty of more than 2,000 voters have declined to state for whom they voted. Authoritative statement that the result of the poll has not been compiled. Stenographer Winston began that work yesterday afternoon.

One or two cases of men who have testified they did not vote, though so recorded, admitted.

"I think we will certainly conclude our work and make our report to the court in a week more," said Foreman Charles F. Taylor of the Hustings Court grand jury, which is engaged in investigating alleged frauds or irregularities in the primary of June 20th.

"It is a remarkable fact," said a member of the grand jury yesterday, "that of the two thousand or more voters who have appeared before us, hardly more than 25 or 30 have declined to testify for whom they voted. Almost without exception the witnesses answer promptly and quickly, and retire from the room."

The grand jury will almost certainly finish up the poll of the vote by next Tuesday's adjournment. They will then take up the precincts as fast as the poll therein is compiled and compare them with the returns from the precinct. Already Stenographer Winston has been authorized by Commonwealth's Attorney Richardson to issue his subpoenas to whom voted for as recorded in shorthand symbols. These stenographic and long hand notes are to be reduced to typed matter, and it is no small task.

If any further assurances were necessary, the statement of the witness as to whom voted for as recorded in shorthand symbols, these stenographic and long hand notes are to be reduced to typed matter, and it is no small task.

Not Necessarily Fraud.  
It may be stated upon reliable authority that only one or two of those who have been before the jury have testified that they did not vote at all, whereas they are recorded as having voted. This record does not necessarily indicate that they were recorded with intent and fraudulently, but is probably due to the "one or two" cases of confusion of names where one or more persons of the same or similar patronymic vote at the same precinct. There is liability to errors of this kind where the judge, looking up the name on the poll book and not knowing the man offering to vote gets one with different initials instead. The statement that "only one or two" such cases have been found is official and effectively sets at rest the rumor of numerous cases of voting men under other names or of voting dead men.

Even where a witness swears he did not vote at all, his statement will be of less weight than the oaths of three men against him. A man may be mistaken as well as an election judge.

It is the opinion of conservative men

(Continued on Fourth Page.)

## STAPLE PIERCED HIS HEAD LIKE A BULLET

John Nail Seriously Wounded in a  
Most Remarkable  
Manner.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., August 4.—Mr. John Nail, aged about twenty-one years, who has charge of the reordering room at the tobacco factory of Brown & Williamson, was standing about ten feet from the machine when the leather belt used in operating it broke. A piece of the brass strap, about one and a half inches long, which held the belt together, struck Mr. Nail above the right ear with terrific force, knocking him down.

At the hospital, the physicians found that the staple broke the skull and carried several pieces of bone into the brain. They removed five or six pieces of bone, but were unable to find the place of staple, which made a hole in the side of the head about the size of a bullet.

It is feared that it is in the brain. The condition of Mr. Nail is decidedly serious.



DISPERSING THE ENEMY.

## YOUNG EASLEY SHOT BY OFFICER

Had Policeman Down Beating  
Him When He  
Fired.

## THE OFFICER EXONERATED

Prominent in Social and Business  
Life and Throws Town in  
Distress.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
SOUTH BOSTON, VA., August 4.—Henry Easley, Jr., one of the most prominent young men of the town, was fatally shot by Policeman Joseph Carter on Main Street this morning about 2 o'clock, and died about 9 o'clock from the wound.

Mr. Easley was resisting arrest and had the officer down beating him when the fatal shot was fired. The officer was exonerated by the coroner's jury this afternoon on the ground of self-defense.

The ball which caused Easley's death, entered just under the left arm, penetrating the lungs and coming out of the back. The most able physicians in this town were summoned to his aid without avail.

A coroner's jury was summoned this afternoon, consisting of Judge Merritt, acting coroner; J. J. Lawson, W. D. Blair, J. H. Guill, J. D. Terry, J. M. Glascock and H. J. Ingram, Jr. The evidence produced, showed that Mr. Easley had been drinking, and while under arrest for disorder, had the officer down, giving him quite a beating when the shot was fired, and the jury returned a verdict of justifiable shooting.

Mr. Wood Boulding was present to look after the interest of the Commonwealth, and the officer was represented by Messrs. W. D. Hill and W. P. Barisale.

Mr. Easley was the eldest son of Colonel and Mrs. Henry Easley, and was about twenty-five years of age. He was a member of the firms of Lawson & Easley, and Fry, Jordan & Easley, all of South Boston, Va. It is one of the saddest occurrences that has ever taken place in South Boston and has cast a gloom over the entire community.

Coroner's Jury.  
The testimony before the coroner's jury was in part as follows:

E. P. White testified: "I was present when the difficulty occurred. Henry Easley, Jr., and myself were coming up the street this morning between 2 and 2:30 o'clock, when we met Policeman Carter in front of Ferrell's saloon. Carter stopped me and told us we had better get out of the street. I asked him what was the matter and he caught me by the arm. I jerked away from him. Then he said something to Mr. Easley which I did not hear and Easley knocked him down. I picked up Carter's billy wattle and Easley was fighting on the ground. I do not know, but think they

(Continued on Second Page.)

## ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP SHIP IN MID-OCEAN

Fuses Hidden in Hold Might  
Have Caused Terrible Ex-  
plosion on Vessel.

(By Associated Press.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, August 4.—An attempt to blow up a ship in mid-ocean has been reported by Captain J. C. Touze, of the French gunboat, Anvers, which has arrived here from Swansea, England, loaded with coal. He left that port in January last, and six weeks later, when far out at sea, a dozen fuses, such as are used by miners to explode charges of dynamite, were discovered in the hold of the ship among the coals. Had one of the fuses become ignited by a shock in a part of the hold where coal gas had accumulated, the ship would undoubtedly have been blown to atoms. Two or three of them had exploded, but fortunately at points where there was no gas, and consequently no damage was done.

The presence of the fuses among the coal was discovered only by accident.

## ANARCHISTS PLAN TO MEET IN BOSTON

(By Associated Press.)  
BOSTON, Aug. 4.—According to information received by the police of the North End, Boston, instead of Paterson, N. J., has been selected as the meeting place of this year's International Congress of Anarchists. The police will endeavor to defeat the plan to hold the convention here.

## GOVERNOR IN HOUSE OF HIS FRIENDS

Given a Rousing Reception at  
Fairfax Court-  
house.

## COME FROM FAR AND NEAR

Judge Mann Addresses a Big  
Crowd at a Bush  
Meeting.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
FAIRFAX C. H., VA., August 4.—The historic old courthouse at Fairfax was packed with one of the largest and most representative audiences seen at this place for years, when Governor A. J. Montague made an address here to-day.

The address was scheduled for 11 o'clock, but due to his being unable to get here at that time from Washington, the Governor did not begin his speech until after 1 o'clock. The crowd waited with good humor, although the delay was tiresome.

From early in the morning until time for the speech, the people continued to come to the town in great numbers. They came from every part of the county, and a large delegation came from Alexandria City and county.

When the Governor was introduced by former State Senator S. R. Donohoe, the courthouse was packed to the doors, with a crowd outside which could not get in, peering through the windows. The salient part of the address was on the main floor.

Captain Donohoe's remarks in introducing Governor Montague were brief, but appropriate and in a very happy vein, and were well received by the audience.

When the Governor came forward to begin his speech, he was given a rousing reception and was frequently interrupted by outbursts of applause.

The Governor was in splendid form, and his speech was along the usual lines and was considered one of the very best made during his campaign. He talked about two hours, keeping his audience in rapt attention, not a soul leaving the building, and when he finished his address, with a splendid peroration, the audience lingered as if they wanted him to continue.

It was made manifest that the Governor is very strongly supported in Fairfax, and his address and visit to-day has increased his strength very materially.

MANN AND HULVEY.  
Speak to Audience in Nicol's Hall  
at Manassas

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
MANASSAS, VA., August 4.—Judge Mann and Capt. Geo. H. Hulvey, candidate for State Superintendent of Schools, addressed an audience of about two hundred people in Nicol's Hall here to-night. Captain Hulvey spoke first and made a very good impression on his hearers. He

(Continued on Second Page.)

## THIRTY STRIKERS KILLED.

(By Associated Press.)  
ST. PETERSBURG, August 4.—An official account received here to-day of the strike on the Novorossiysk-Vladikavkaz Railroad describes a sanguinary encounter between the troops and workmen who were attempting to prevent the departure of a mail train. After one Cosack had been killed, the strikers advanced menacingly, whereupon the infantry fired, killing thirty of the strikers and wounding twenty-two.

Pfister Indicted.  
(By Associated Press.)  
MILWAUKEE, WIS., August 4.—Charles F. Pfister, one of the wealthiest and most prominent citizens of Milwaukee, was indicted by a grand jury to-day, charged with stealing \$14,000 belonging to the Wisconsin Rendering Company, of Milwaukee.

## 13 WANT HELP TO-DAY.

The 18 advertisements for help published in to-day's Times-Dispatch on page 8 are as follows:

1 Office. 5 Miscellaneous.  
4 Trades. 3 Salesmen.

This not only interest those out of work, but those desiring to improve their positions as well.

## NEGROES HANGED TO BRIDGE BY MOB

One Fought and Cursed Lynch-  
ers; Other Begged for  
His Life.

## MURDERED CONVICT GUARD

One Severely Whipped for Force  
Him to Tell Where Ac-  
complice Was.

(By Associated Press.)  
MOBILE, ALA., August 4.—A special to the Register from Hattiesburg, Miss., says:

J. G. Smith, city convict guard, was assassinated there this morning by two negroes of his gang, William Horne and Kid George. Horne made his escape, but George was captured, together with a negro named Ed. Lewis, alias Brock, who had struck the shackles from the murderers. They were placed in the city jail. Brock was severely whipped to force him to tell where Horne had gone, but he refused.

To-night at 9 o'clock a mob gathered and quietly took the two negroes from the jail and hanged them to a bridge in the glare of the electric lights. Brock fought and cursed the mob, but George begged for his life.

A posse in pursuit of Horne, who was last seen fifteen miles from Hattiesburg, passing through McLaurin.

(Continued on Second Page.)

## ENGINE ROLLED INTO BAY AND DISAPPEARED

Breaking of Coupling Pin Saved  
Coaches Loaded With People.  
Engineer Drowned.

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW YORK, August 4.—William Mooney, an engineer on the Central Railroad of New Jersey, rolled with his engine down a steep embankment at Bayonne, N. J., to-day into Newark Bay and was drowned. The engine plunged out of sight into deep water.

The train, which was crowded with excursionists, was running from Atlantic City and had just passed over a bridge at moderate speed, when the engine ran into an open switch and was derailed, along with the tender and two baggage cars. At this point the rails are laid on a steep embankment, which forms the bridge approach, and the engine and tender toppled over the embankment. The coaches remained on the track only through the breaking of a coupling pin.

Train's Unlucky Run.  
(By Associated Press.)  
HUNTINGTON, W. VA., August 4.—The Guayandotte Valley passenger train to-day had an unlucky run from Logan, killing three men and injuring another.

## HAND CRUSHED BY A BLOCK OF STEEL

An Engineer On Merchants and  
Miners' Ship Undergoes  
Amputation.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
NEWPORT NEWS, VA., August 4.—William Nicholas, of Baltimore, first assistant engineer on the Merchants and Miners' steamer Ontario, had his left hand crushed to a pulp to-day while coupling up the engines of the steamer, preparatory to the run to Baltimore to-night. He had his hand in by the piston rod when a bolt broke and a heavy block of steel dropped down, catching his hand from the wrist to the end of the fingers, crushing every bone in it. He was removed to the hospital here and the hand was amputated. The steamer sailed for Baltimore to-night.

Contract Dissolved.  
(By Associated Press.)  
CARACAS, VENEZUELA, August 4.—The Federal Court of Cassation to-day gave final judgment in the matter of the proceedings instituted against the French Cable Company, confirming the dissolution of the contract of the government with this company.

## BLAIR TACKS ON HIS AMENDMENT

Six Plants Are Left Out  
of the Annexation  
Plan.

## HIGH SCHOOL SITE CHOSEN AT LAST

Southern Half of Clay Street, Be-  
tween Eighth and Broad, Meets  
With Approval of the Board.  
The Finance Committee  
to Report on  
Architect.

Alderman A. Blaine Blair, of Henry Ward, led a successful fight in the Board of Aldermen last night for an amendment to the substitute annexation ordinance, by which the six manufacturing plants in the northwest portion of the city were to be excluded from the general annexation measure.

Pitted against Mr. Blair was Alderman W. T. Dabney, of Madison Ward, who vigorously protested against an amendment being tacked to the ordinance, and in passionate language appealed for the passage of the measure as it came from the lower branch of the city's government. Mr. Blair won by the recorded vote of 13 to 5. Messrs. Beck, Dabney, Gilman, Gunst and Minor being against him.

Back to the Common Council the ordinance goes, and there the amendment will either be concurred in or rejected. The almost identical amendment was offered on the night the ordinance was before the lower branch. Mr. Pollard favored it and lost by only two votes.

The general annexation scheme the Board of Aldermen took up to-night. In addition to the annexation matter the Council unanimously adopted the resolution providing for the purchase of the south half of Clay Street, between Eighth and Ninth Streets, as a site for the new High School. The ballot was in session for more than three hours.

Session in Detail.  
It was nine o'clock before the board was called to order. Members were out of the chamber in conference with citizens interested in the propositions, the selection of a high school site and the annexation of contiguous territory to Richmond. The purchase price was \$50,000.

There was no discussion on the subject and the roll call was commenced, when Alderman Seay asked why the change from the present site was made.

Alderman Grundy answered that the present site, which was a vacant lot in the vicinity of theatres and saloons, and that in purchasing the Clay Street property, the city was saving money. In that it was retaining the old building and grounds, and at the same time securing a location that was more desirable and which cost the city practically nothing.

Mr. Seay was ironical in his reply, and referred to the location of the settling basin, as being absolutely wrong. He declared that he favored a good site for the new high school, and that the property should be thrown around the young children of the city. It was a bus-a-bou about the theatre being too close to the present site, for one square away would not amount to anything.

Mr. Grundy interrupted by saying that it would require \$50,000 to purchase property adjoining the old high school building, and that there was only about \$500 additional in purchasing the new site.

Wanted Investigation.  
Here Mr. Louis Washer moved to lay the entire matter on the table until an investigation could be made.

Alderman J. B. Wood, chairman of the Finance Committee, vigorously opposed the motion to table the matter. Every cent over \$50,000 that was gotten from the sale of the old site would be clear profit to the city, he declared. It was impossible to build a high school where the building now stood, for the old structure was in an almost dilapidated condition. The city would have to rent a building

(Continued on Third Page.)

## SHIPS SEIZED AND CREWS CARRIED OFF

Mississippi Patrol Boats Caught  
By Louisiana Militia and  
Taken Into Custody.

(Special to The Times-Dispatch.)  
NEW ORLEANS, August 4.—Taking their one from Governor Vardaman, or acting under instructions, the Mississippi patrol boats evidently thought the appearance of the Louisiana naval militia was purely for effect, and not to stop their further depredations in Louisiana waters. In this, however, they were mistaken. To-day the flagship of the patrol squadron, the Grace, and another vessel, the Topsy, stationed at Lake Borgne Canal, were seized, their flags hauled down and the officers and crew placed under arrest. The crew of the Topsy will be taken to St. Bernard Parish, while the crew of the Grace will be brought to this city, both to await the action of the grand jury of the respective parishes in which their offenses were committed.

The Topsy, accompanied by a launch

## GOVERNMENT AID FOR NEW ORLEANS

Federal Authorities to  
Take Complete Control  
of Fever Situation.

## BLANCHARD SIEZES MISSISSIPPI BOATS

Flags Lowered and Crews and Of-  
ficers Taken Prisoners—Presi-  
dent Directs Surgeon General  
Wyman to Act Promptly  
On Appeal From New  
Orleans.

New Orleans Record.  
New cases..... 43  
Total cases..... 478  
Deaths yesterday..... 5  
Total deaths..... 89  
New sub-foc..... 10  
Total sub-foc..... 76

(By Associated Press.)  
NEW ORLEANS, LA., August 4.—With no intention of admitting the fever situation to be beyond control, but in the hope of reviving confidence here and elsewhere in the South, official and business interests to-day decided to send a request to President Roosevelt to have the United States government assume full charge of the struggle now in progress to wipe out yellow fever from New Orleans and Louisiana. The public approves the action taken. Expectation is that within the next two days Surgeon-General Wyman, with all the resources of the government, will be enlisted actively in the campaign.

The decision to ask the Federal government to take control was reached at a meeting of the city officials and others held late to-day at the Cotton Exchange. It was the consensus of the meeting that government control would restore confidence throughout the other States in the South, and the belief was expressed that Surgeon-General Wyman would be able to send a force of physicians to New Orleans thoroughly equipped for the handling of the yellow fever situation, because of their experience and unquestionable facilities to enforce a scientific campaign against the fever.

When local health officers first took charge of the situation it was hoped that the fever could be stamped out within a reasonable time, but the infection has spread and so frightened have the people become in the South over the increase in the number of cases that New Orleans is threatened with a serious paralysis of trade by reason of radical quarantines.

A telegram signed by the Mayor and others present, was addressed to Governor Blanchard, telling him of the action taken.

At a conference at the City Hall it was decided that Mayor and others should issue a proclamation requiring every business house in the city to close on Wednesday so that employees might take a hand in the general cleaning movement. Merchants are to be asked to furnish carts to carry away refuse. The action has spread and so frightened have the people become in the South over the increase in the number of cases that New Orleans is threatened with a serious paralysis of trade by reason of radical quarantines.

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